

STATE ROUTE

262

(Mission Boulevard) Cross Connector Project

Presentation to Alameda County Transportation Commission

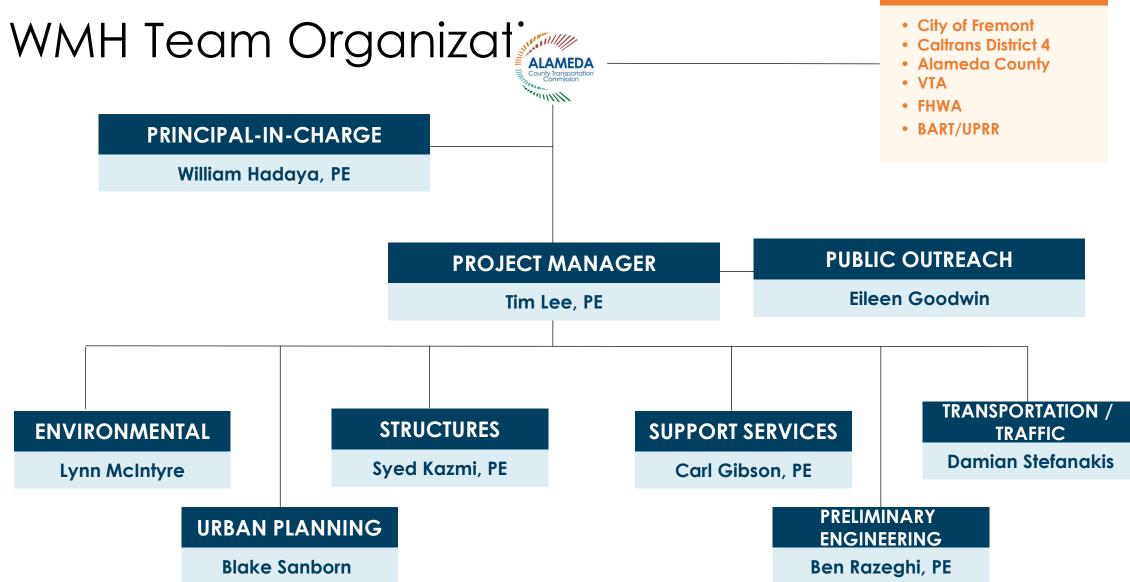




Introductions

2

STAKEHOLDERS















Urban Planning Experience



Blake Sanborn AECOM



Treasure Island

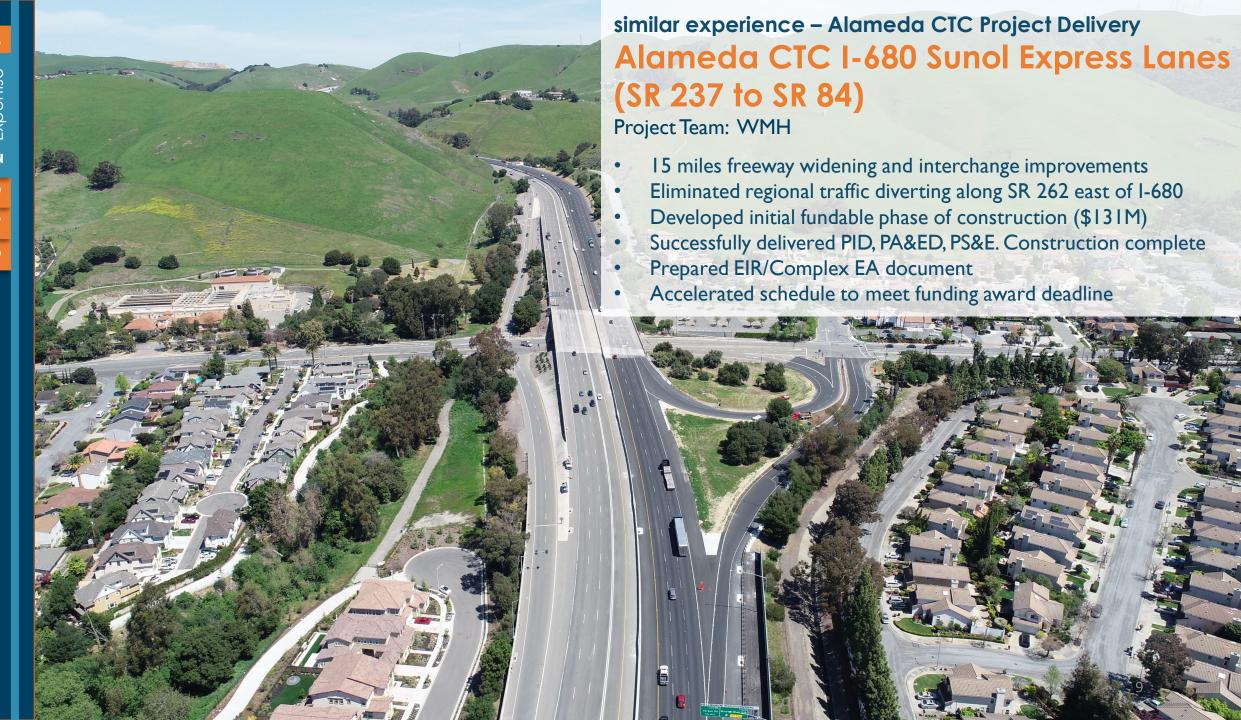


Pier 70 Master Plan & Sustainability Plan





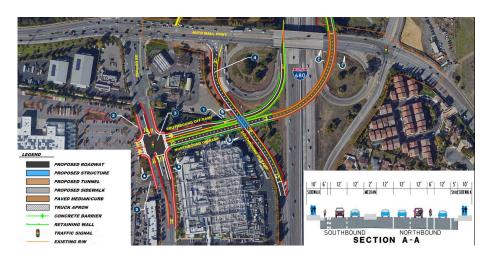
Expertise







City of Fremont Experience



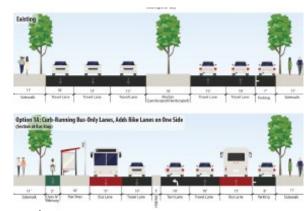
I-680 Interchange Modernizations



I-680 Sunol Express Lanes



Washington Blvd. / Paseo Padre Pkwy. Grade Separation







Structures Experience



I-880 / Coleman Avenue Interchange



LA Metro Regional Connector Transit



Pasadena Blue Line Construction Authority



I-880 / 23rd & 29th Avenues Interchange



Urban Planning Experience



Blake Sanborn AECOM



Treasure Island



Pier 70 Master Plan & Sustainability Plan





Staffing Plan & Availability

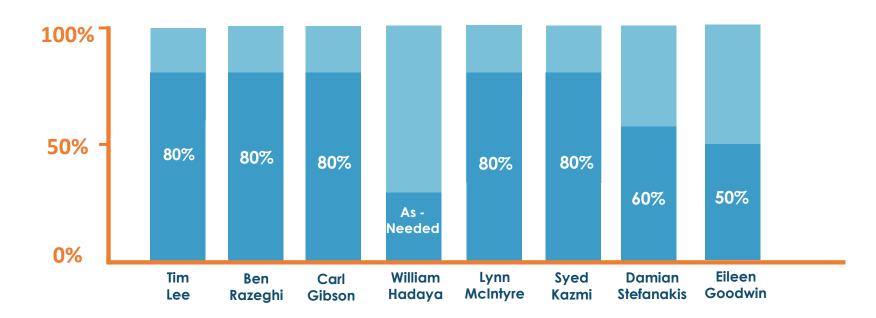
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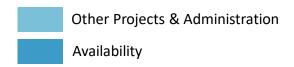
STAKEHOLDERS City of Fremont Staffing Plan & Availa • Caltrans District 4 Alameda County VTA • FHWA • BART/UPRR PRINCIPAL-IN-CHARGE William Hadaya, PE PUBLIC OUTREACH **PROJECT MANAGER Eileen Goodwin** Tim Lee, PE TRANSPORTATION / **STRUCTURES ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT SERVICES TRAFFIC Damian Stefanakis** Syed Kazmi, PE **Lynn McIntyre** Carl Gibson, PE **PRELIMINARY URBAN PLANNING ENGINEERING Blake Sanborn** Ben Razeghi, PE



Key Staff Availability

Availability of Key Staff & Other Prominent Team Members









Understanding the Required Scope of Work

SR 262 – Existing Conditions

- Bay Area's 'most congested mile'
- Gridlock conditions on SR 262
- Cut through traffic on local streets
- Unsafe conditions for bicyclists and pedestrians







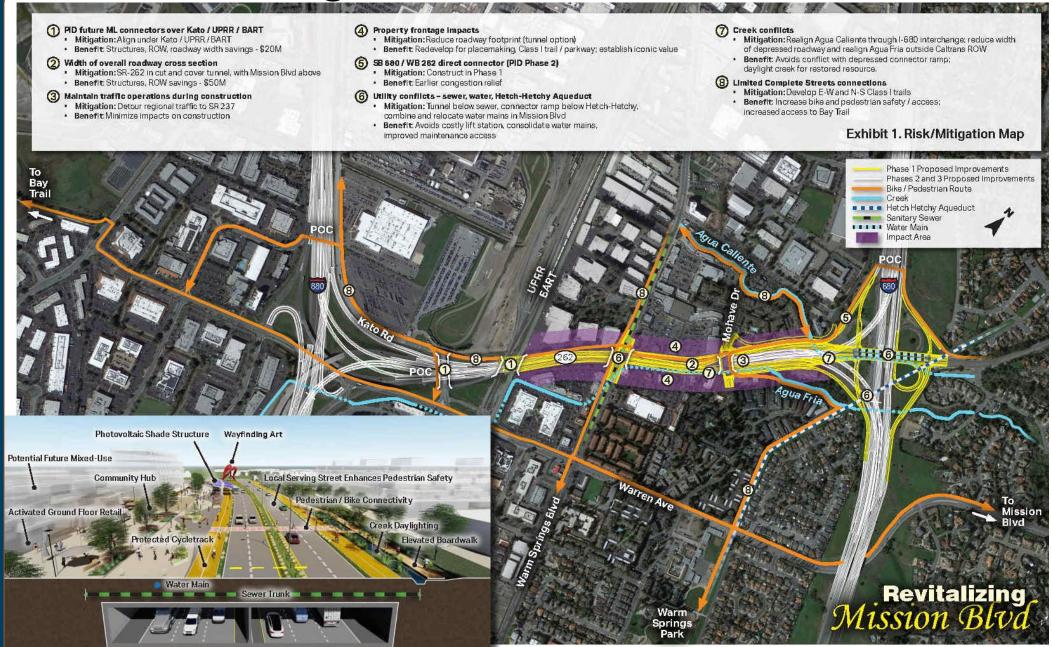
WMH solved a similar problem for the City of Fremont by constructing the I-680 Sunol Express Lanes to relieve gridlock on SR 262 east of I-680





This is a once in a generation opportunity to **Revitalize Mission Boulevard** by enhancing the community quality of life, safety, connections and economic sustainability

Risks and Mitigation



Key Risks and Mitigation



KEY RISK



MITIGATION

- Build Alternatives Consensus
- Property Frontage Impacts
- Width of overall roadway cross section
- Construction Impacts
- Bicycle/Pedestrian Safety
- Coordination with Future Phases
- Environmental Approach
- Shorten Project Delivery
- Fundable Project

- Screen and Refine PID Alternatives
- Reduce roadway footprint
- Consider 4 GP Lanes. Cut and cover tunnel.
- Feasible Construction Staging Plan
- Protected E-W and N-S facilities.
- Minimize throwaway costs
- Clear Phase 1 independent purpose and need
- Prelim. Engineering prior to Project Approval
- Cost saving measures. Access to funding partners



SR 262 - Elevated Roadway Alternative



- Least Cost Alternative
- Defer Widening for Managed Lanes

- Community Concerns
- Physical and Visual Barrier
- Does not promote Redevelopment
- Limited Land Use Under Viaducts
- Homeless / Graffiti Concerns



SR 262 - Depressed Roadway Alternative

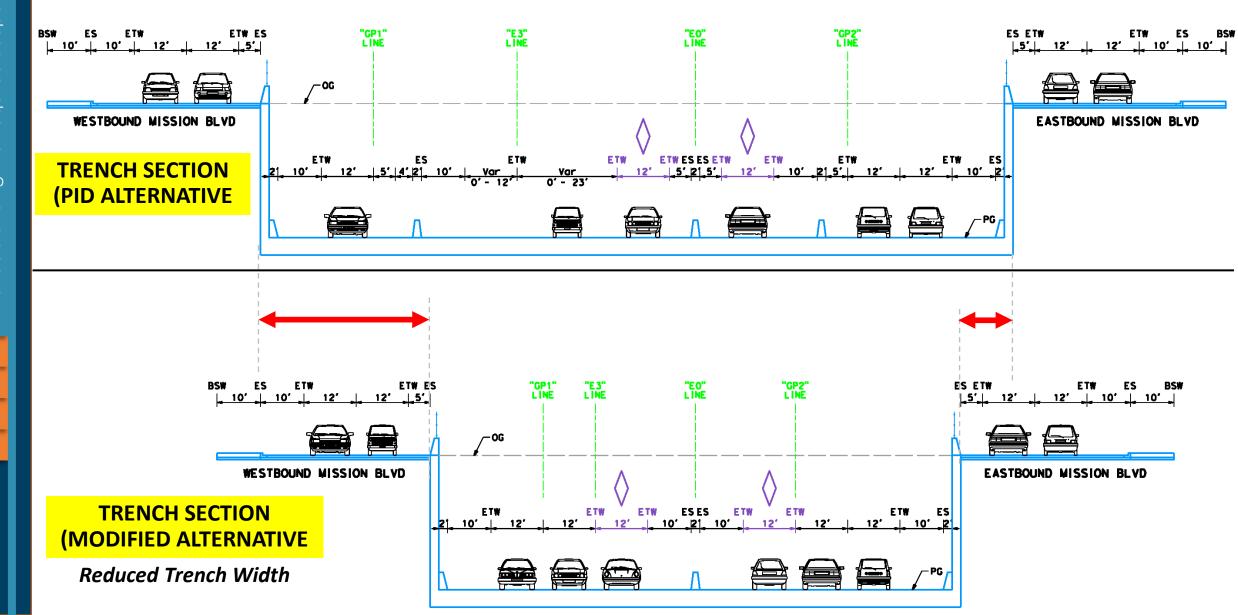


- Reduced Visual and Noise Impacts
- Accommodated Future Managed Lanes
- Supported by City

- Higher Cost
- Physical Barrier (similar to I-980 in Oakland)
- Wider Footprint. Increased Property Take
- Pump Station Required to drain depressed roadway



Phase 1 – Trench Section Options



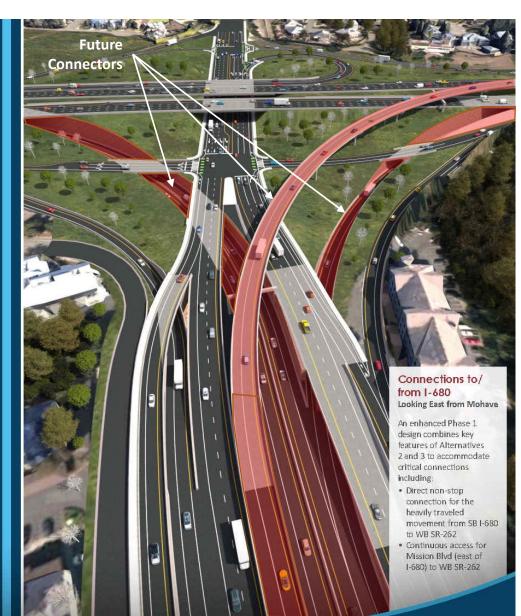
SR 262 - Cut and Cover Tunnel Alternative



- Fully connects communities
- Promotes Redevelopment for City
- Safer environmental for peds and bikes
- Minimum Footprint / Property Take
- Reduced Cost \$80M
- No Physical or Visual Barrier
- Reduced construction impacts
- Opportunity to daylight Agua Fria Creek
- Minimize stormwater treatment
- Reduced watershed for pump station
- Tunnel Ventilation and Fire Safety Facilities



Phase 1 - Connections to/from I-680



- Direct non-stop connection for the heavily traveled movement from SB I-680 to WB SR 262
- Provide two lanes for EB SR 262 traffic to access NB I-680 on-ramp
- Accommodate future connectors for Phases 2 and 3

WESTBOUND SECTION A-A

LEGEND

CLOSE LANE

PROPOSED ROADWAY
PROPOSED SIDEWALK

PAVED MEDIAN

BIKE LANE

CONCRETE BARRIER

RETAINING WALL

TRAFFIC SIGNAL

EXISTING R/W

2



Stage Construction – Open Trench

(Section location just east of Warm Springs Blvd.)

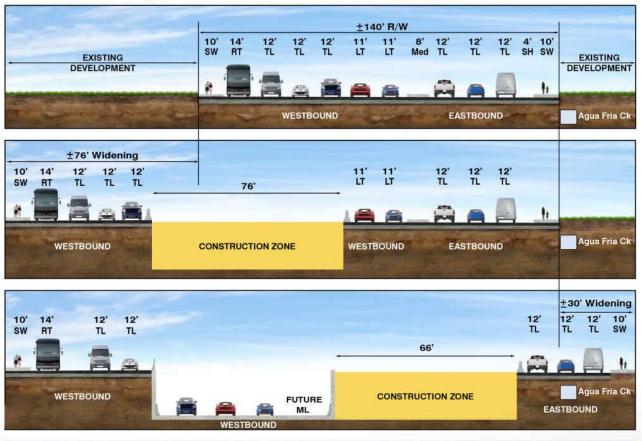


STAGE 1

STAGE 2

STAGE 3

FRONTAGE ROAD



± 245' R/W

142'

FUTURE

ML

EASTBOUND

FUTURE

WESTBOUND

Staged Construction Concept #1 Open Trench

Agua Fria Ck

FRONTAGE ROAD

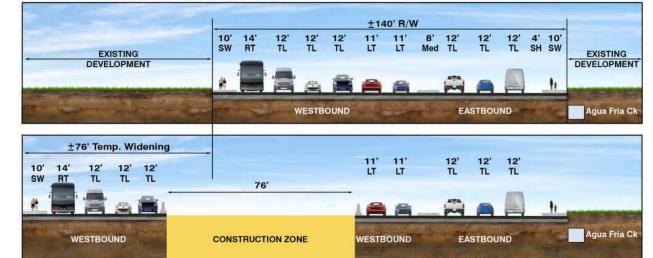
Project can be staged to maintain all existing traffic movements during the entire construction period. An open trench would be constructed by using temporary pavement to carry Mission Blvd traffic. This concept would also work for a viaduct as well.



Stage Construction – Cut and Cover

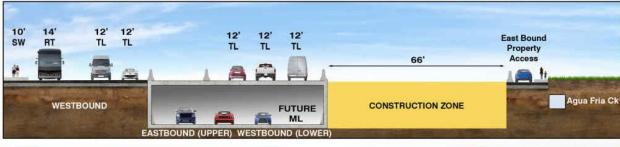
(Section location just east of Warm Springs Blvd.)





STAGE 1

STAGE 2



STAGE 3

± 160' R/W REDEVELOPMENT EXISTING OPPORTUNITY DEVELOPMENT Agua Fria Ck FUTURE FUTURE

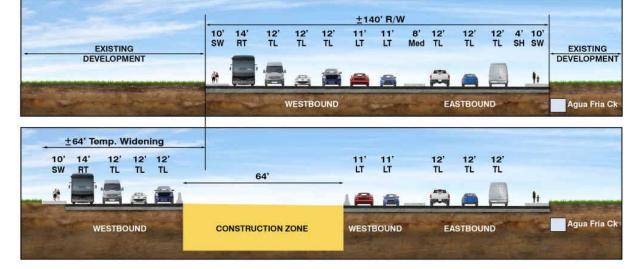
Staged Construction Concept #2 Cut & Cover

Project can be staged to maintain all existing traffic movements during the entire construction period. A cut and cover tunnel would be constructed by using temporary pavement to carry Mission Blvd traffic. A tunnel would have less right of way impacts and provide greater opportunity for redevelopment and additional bicycle/ pedestrian crossings to increase connectivity within the City.

Stage Construction – Cut and Cover with Lane Conversion

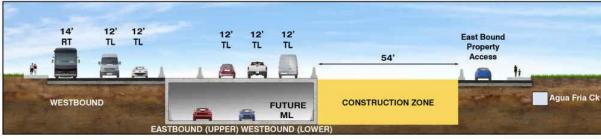
(Typical Section location just east of Warm Springs Blvd.)





STAGE 1





STAGE 3

± 150' R/W REDEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITY 118' FUTURE ML WESTBOUND EXISTING DEVELOPMENT Agua Fria Ck

Staged Construction Concept #3 Cut & Cover

Cut & Cover (Lane Conversion)

Project can be staged to maintain all existing traffic movements during the entire construction period. A cut and cover tunnel (with lane conversion) would be constructed by using temporary pavement to carry Mission Blvd traffic. This tunnel would have the same benefits as the previously described cut and cover tunnel, but with added advantage of a narrower corridor.

Geometric Approval Process

□ Controlling Criteria for Design Standards

| Design Speed | Lane Width | Shoulder Width |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Horizontal Curve Radius | Superelevation Rate | Stopping Sight Distance |
| Maximum Grade | Cross Slope | Vertical Clearance |

For Multiple Build Alternatives.....

- □ Draft Project Report Conceptual Approval of Nonstandard Features
- □ Project Report Approval of Design Exceptions (Build Alternative)
- □ Mitigate Approved Nonstandard Features





Revitalizing Mission Boulevard

Revitalizing Mission Boulevard



Revitalizing Mission Boulevard



Revitalizing Mission Boulevard



Revitalizing Mission Boulevard



Revitalizing Mission Boulevard





Environmental

Environmental Document Approach



Refine Purpose & Need and Build Alternatives per public input



Build responses to public concerns into technical studies: esp. Community and Visual impact assessments, Noise, Cultural



Deliver CEQA Environmental Impact Report (EIR) with NEPA Routine Environmental Assessment (EA) for Phase 1

| Draft EIR/EA Key Milestones | Final EIR/EA Key Milestones | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Alternatives: Feasible and Considered but Rejected | PDT: Identification of Preferred Alternative and rationale | | | | | |
| Cultural Resources: Section 106 | Cultural Resources: Section 106 | | | | | |
| Air Quality: MTC Task Force consultation | FHWA Air Quality Conformity Determination | | | | | |
| | Formal Consultation for Endangered Species (US Fish & Wildlife, NOAA Fisheries) | | | | | |



Managing Environmental Risks

| Risk | Management |
|--|--|
| Controversy about Purpose and Need, Alternatives, or Community Impacts | Early, proactive, and equitable public outreach Supportive communication on potential property impacts and relocation benefits Impactful visualizations of community, property, and aesthetic changes Directly address concerns as part of outreach and environmental reporting Modify design to respond to concerns where possible Direct follow-up with concerned parties |
| Cultural resource discovery or Native American concerns | Proactive outreach to Native Americans Complete testing as soon as alternative footprints defined Combine archaeology and phase 1 testing report Modify design to avoid impacts if possible Vertical/horizontal Environmentally Sensitive Area designations to streamline agency consultation, where appropriate |
| Resource agency concerns about creek modifications | Early coordination with permitting agencies eDNA testing for California red-legged frog and steelhead Proactive mitigation planning Consideration of benefits of daylighting for habitat, water quality, and hydromodification |





Managing Environmental Risks

| Risk | Management |
|--|---|
| Increase in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and CEQA Potentially Significant Impact | Project design includes multiple project-level VMT reduction measures (Complete Streets elements, bicycle paths/facilities, wide sidewalks, grade separated crossings of freeway-to-freeway traffic, better connectivity to public transportation, more efficient bus operation) Early coordination and scoping of mitigation opportunities: incorporate infrastructure electrification (e-bike charging); support multimodal transportation use thru social marketing, public education, \$ incentives |
| | Analysis Adjust Alameda CTC model to reflect critical factors that affect VMT that are not included: local land use changes and trip generation Account for bottlenecks outside of key project gateways and volume shifts on parallel routes Present VMT changes in balance with improvements in key measures of effectiveness such as Vehicle Hours of Delay (VHD) as well as GHG, air quality, energy, and noise Quantify VMT offset of improvements to pedestrian and bicycle facilities, street connectivity, destination accessibility, transit travel time reduction (Caltrans TAC Table C-2) |



Public Outreach: Qualifications



- 20+ years successful collaboration with Eileen Goodwin
- Strong community connections and knowledge:
 - I-680 NB Express Lanes Project
 - Warm Springs/South Fremont Community Plan
 - Dumbarton Rail Corridor
 - I-880/Decoto Road Interchange
- Key experience: urban grade separations, property acquisitions, relocations
- Proven effectiveness of AECOM Virtual Rooms



Eileen Goodwin

APEX Strategies

Public Outreach Lead



Public Outreach: Approach



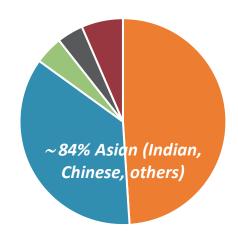
- Focus on the City's vision to deliver a project that best reflects the community's interests
- Initial stakeholder outreach (pre-scoping)
 - Changing demographic profile
 - Reboot project discussions
- Detailed outreach strategy plan for effective and inclusive mix of engagement
 - Door to door, direct contact
 - Community workshops
 - Informational briefings
 - Scoping and environmental document meetings
- AECOM Virtual Room technology
 - Safe space for large gatherings
 - Better attendance than in-person meetings
 - Built-in comment, online survey tools
 - Opportunity to share space with City





Public Outreach: Equity & Inclusion

- Public outreach & environmental document process
 - Translation, interpretation, and assistive services
 - Non-electronic noticing and informational methods
 - Early engagement of community-based organizations
 - Accessible electronic, printed materials
- Project design
 - Reconnect community while minimizing property and other project impacts
 - Improve pedestrian and bike infrastructure and safety
 - Better incorporate active transportation into greater area network and access to Bay
 - Incorporate purposeful urban design that promotes connectedness
 - Complete Streets and ADA







Benefits and Innovations



Funding

- Active transportation and proximity to transit-oriented development great "funding hooks"
- Proven success for Alameda CTC: 2020 SB Competitive LPP for I-680 EL (max amount \$25M)
- More than \$1.5B secured in last decade

Certifications

- Envision Certification: Institute for Sustainable Infrastructure "LEED for highways" US 101 Managed Lanes
- LEED for Neighborhood Development Treasure Island Public Realm Master Plan
- Supports grant application efforts and helps position projects for industry awards





Transportation

Traffic Analysis Approach

1. **EXPEDITE** analysis to facilitate design refinement decisions

- 2. VERIFY Current Traffic Conditions, Collision History, and Evaluation Methodology
- **3. ANALYSIS** of critical areas
 - south end transitions
 - single/dual express lane transitions
 - controlled access limits



Travel Demand Modeling

- Lead for Alameda Countywide Model development and on-call support to ACTC
- System perspective model is a tool, not the answer
- Use model to address high level demand and capacity issues upfront before more detailed analysis
 - Select link
 - Demand model volume comparisons
- Develop methodology/approach memos
 - Gain stakeholder consensus early in the project
- SB 743 and Caltrans VMT methodology
 - Guided Caltrans with the VMT methodology framework
 - Significant VMT project experience





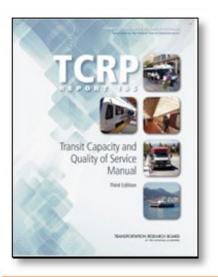
Travel Demand Modeling

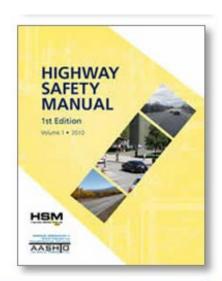
- Early agency coordination is critical
 - Develop methodology memos
 - Obtains stakeholder consensus early in the project
 - Perform a planning level analysis
 - Helps reduce project alternatives for full technical analysis
- Key scope tasks
 - Address Covid-19 impact on data collection
 - Sensitivity Analysis 6 vs. 4 lanes
 - Multimodal benefits of open trench vs. cut and cover tunnel

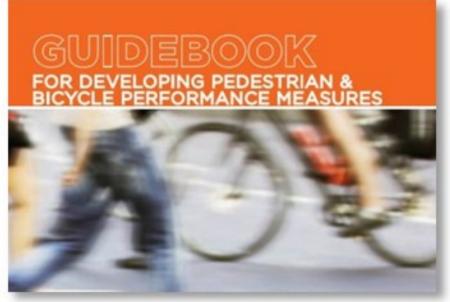


Performance Based Decisions

- Expand focus beyond traffic operations
- Use multimodal performance measures to evaluate alternatives
- Include safety and Complete Streets
- Caltrans Safety Performance Methodology



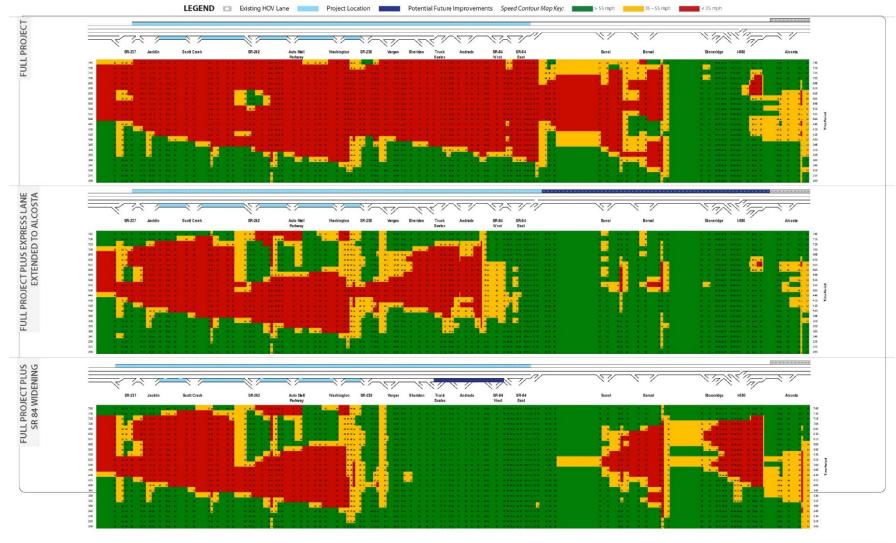






Traffic Operations Analysis Visualization

Heat Map

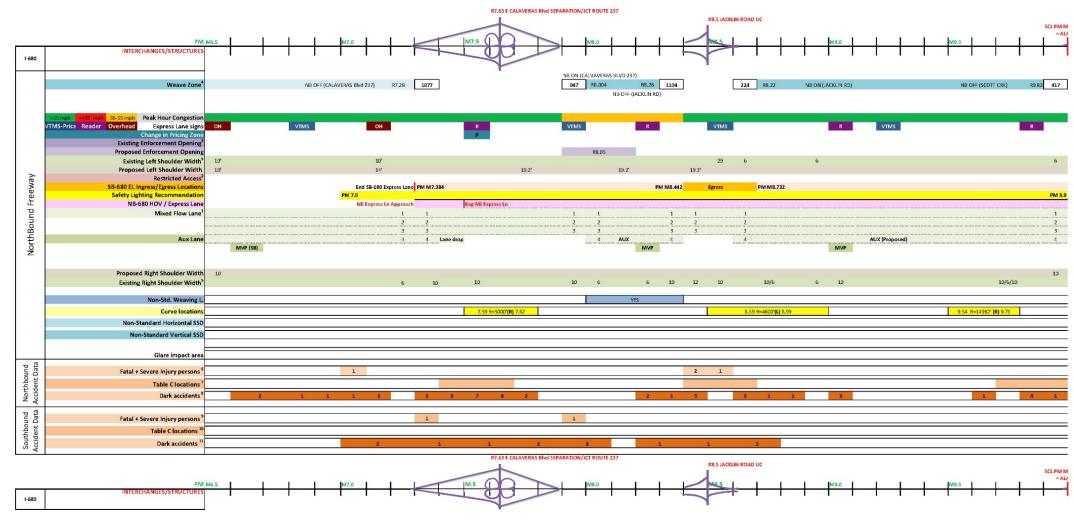






Traffic Safety Assessment

Traffic Safety Diagram







Management Plan

Management Plan – Communication/Coordination



- Responsive to Alameda CTC Needs
- Effective Meetings
- Document Decisions
- File Sharing
- Public Outreach Strategy Plan









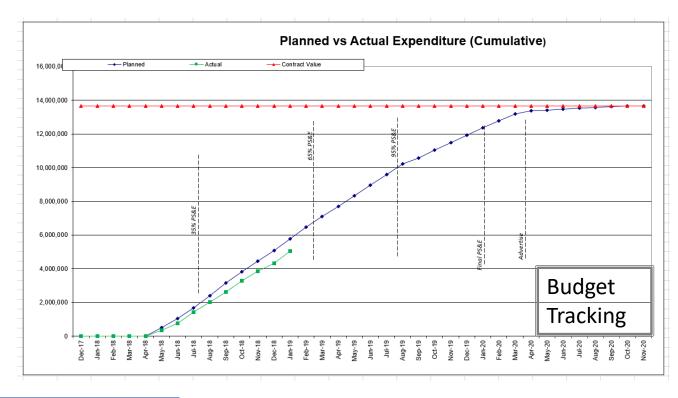


"Our Management Plan incorporates proven practices that have been successfully utilized on several ACTC projects"



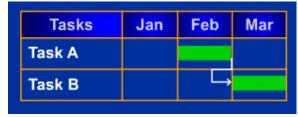
Management Plan – Project Controls

- Spending Plan
- Monitor Costs Weekly
- Monthly Invoice Reporting
- Manage Resources
- Contract Administration
- Adherence to Ala CTC Policies/Procedures
- Schedule Control











Managing Schedule

- Update schedule on a regular basis
- Conduct Scoping Meeting. Develop work plans to agree on approach for various studies.
- Identify schedule critical tasks and focus on keeping them on track
- Provide adequate time for agency reviews
- Make sure reviewers understand milestones and stick to them
- Quality control review / checks of all deliverables (prior to each submittal)
- Established relationships with ACTC, District 4 and City staff
- Work collaboratively to address project problems and address them efficiently
- Bi-weekly check-in's with ACTC Project Manager and Design Team
- Bi-weekly check-in's with District 4 Environmental and Design staff
- Monthly PDT/focus meetings to provide status updates and make key decisions
- Document decisions made





Management Plan – Risk Management



Prepare and Maintain LEVEL 3 Risk Register in Coordination with PDT throughout Project Development to track ALL project risks

| LEVEL | 3 - RISK | REGISTER | Project Name: | I-680 Express Lanes (SF PM M2.4 | to R12.4 | DIST- EA 04-4G0561 Project Manager Gary Sidhu (Alameda CTC) Ron Kiaaina (Caltrans) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------------|--|---|---|--|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|-----|-------------|---------------|----------|--|----------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | Risk Assessment | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | | | |
| Risk Identification | | | | Prob | ability | (| Cost Impact (\$) | | | Time Impact (days) | | | Rationale | Risk Response | | | | | | |
| Status | ID# | Category | Title | Risk Statement | Current status/assumptions | Low | High | Low | Most likely | High | Probable | Low | Most likely | High | Probable | | Strategy | | Risk Owner | Updated |
| Active | 1 | РМ | Project Estimate | Changes in the market conditions, material prices and level of contractor competition may affect the cost of the project. | Ongoing | 40 | 60 | \$ 5,000,000 | | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 3,750,000 | 100 | | 200 | 75 | | Accept | Track Cost Trends and continuously evaluate the cost estimate. Include moderate level of contingency. If cost estimate tends to exceed the available budget, reassess various project scope elements and identify potential scope items for modification or removal. | Ala CTC Team | j 6/22/2016 |
| Retire | 1 2 | Design | Cross Slope Correction | | Minimum cross slope of 2% is proposed | 30 | 70 | \$ 4,000,000 | \$ 4,700,000 | \$ 8,000,000 | \$ 2,783,000 | 30 | | 60 | 23 | extended riight work to place additional overlay material | Mitigate | Resolved. District requested additional SHOPP funds | Ala CTC Team / Caltrans | ¹ 6/22/2016 |
| Retire | 1 3 | Environmental | Environmental Mitigation | Lack of available mitigation resources in the area may result in added cost. | Species mitigation is now available from Ohlone West bank. Riparian tree mitigation is available from Stanley Ranch | 10 | 40 | \$ 50,000 | | \$ 100,000 | \$ 19,000 | 30 | | 100 | 16 | | Mitigate | Resolved. Mitigation bank sites identified | Ala CTC Team / Caltrans | 3/10/2017 |
| Active | 4 | Design | Toll System and Civil Design Coordination | Lack of timely input of the TSI into the civil PS&E has the potential to delay civil PS&E completion and/or result in significant CCOs. | Multiple meetings/phone conferences conducted between Kapsch and WMH to bring Kapsch up to speed with the civil design plans. Kapsch has reviewed 65% and 95% civil plans and provided input. Regular face to face meetings with Kapsch and design team are ongoing to reconcile details for the toll system facilities and resolve interface issues. | 30 | 60 | \$ 20,000 | | \$ 200,000 | \$ 50,000 | 30 | | 60 | 20 | | Mitigate | Continue coordination meetings between Kapsch and WMH to ensure proper integration of toll system needs into 95% civil PS&E. | Ala CTC Team / WMH/Kapsch | |



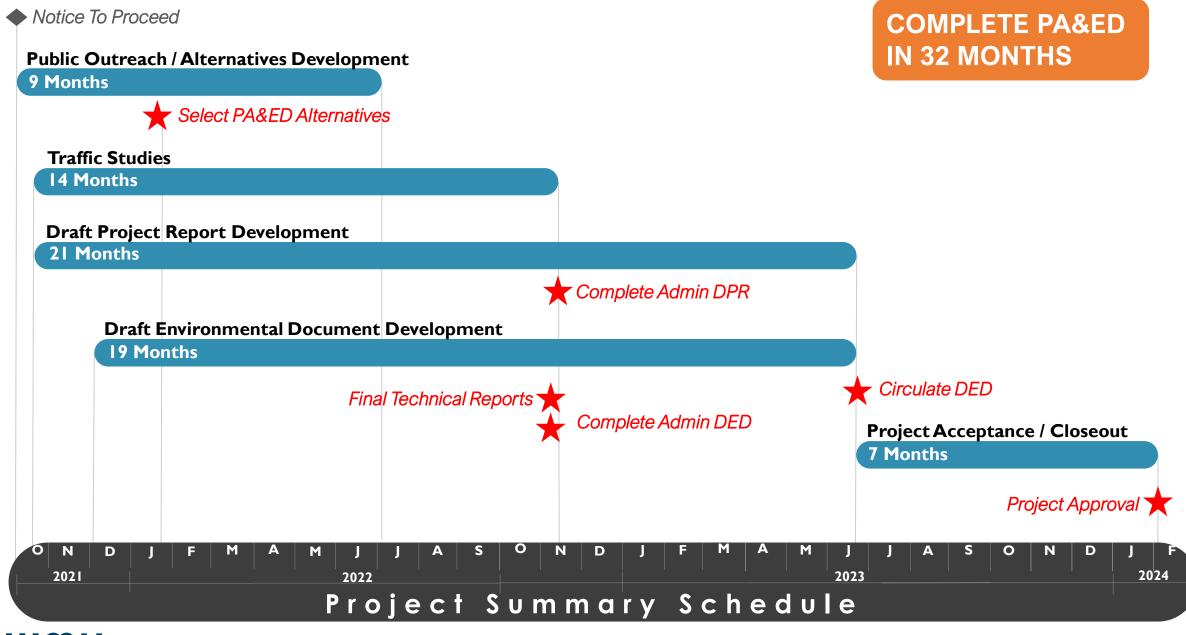
Management Plan – Quality Deliverables

- Project specific Quality Management Plan (QMP)
- Coordination between disciplines
- Quality control review of all deliverables (prior to each submittal)
- Senior Staff Review of All Technical Reports
- Caltrans QA/QC Checklists NEPA Compliance
- Independent Technical Review (value analysis, constructability)
- Response to comments matrix
- Produce quality construction documents













Wrap-Up

The Right Team to Deliver SR 262

- ✓ Innovative and Cost Effective Solutions \$80M Savings!
- ✓ Best reflecting community's interests
- ✓ Complete PA&ED in 32 months

WMH in association with AECOM brings unmatched design experience of transportation projects of similar size and complexity



WMH Team PA&ED Delivery Performance

| Ala CTC Project | Type of ED | Begin PA&ED | End PA&ED | Duration (months) | |
|--|------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------|--|
| I-680 NB Express Lane (SR 237 to SR 84) | EIR/EA (complex) | 2/28/2013 | 7/29/2015 | 29 | |
| I-680/SR 84 Interchange | EIR/EA | 2/10/2015 | 5/3/2018 | 35 | |
| I-680 GAP Express Lane | IS/EA | 9/10/2018 | 11/9/2020 | 26 | |
| SR 262 Cross Connector | EIR/EA | TBD | TBD | 32 (estimate) | |



References: I-680 Sunol Express Lanes

"I am amazed at the resolve and commitment of you and your teams to make the NB lane open and available to the public in the midst of the COVID challenges. Fremont staff has also shared with me how they are already seeing the difference. Next year we will have the EL operations on line and yet another reason to celebrate"

City of Fremont Mayor Lily Mei

"Congratulations and gratitude to the entire team on achieving this major and significant milestone in project delivery for such a complex and sizeable project. RTL constitutes the end of the design and PS&E development process, with the necessary permits, right of way certification, utility certification, and QA process mostly completed – not easy. So thank you."

Art Dao, former Executive Director, Alameda CTC

